



Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited

October 26, 2006

3Q06 Earnings Conference Call



A S P E N

Safe Harbor Disclosure

This presentation is given in the context of the quarterly earnings conference call and contains non-GAAP measures. This slide presentation is for information purposes only. It should be read in conjunction with our financial supplement posted on our website on the Investor Relations page and with other documents filed or to be filed shortly by Aspen Insurance Holdings Limited (the "Company" or "Aspen") with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In presenting Aspen's results, management has included and discussed certain "non-GAAP financial measures", as such term is defined in Regulation G. Management believes that these non-GAAP measures, which may be defined differently by other companies, better explain Aspen's results of operations in a manner that allows for a more complete understanding of the underlying trends in Aspen's business. However, these measures should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with GAAP. The reconciliation of such non-GAAP financial measures to their respective most directly comparable GAAP financial measures in accordance with Regulation G is included herein or in the financial supplement, as applicable, which can be obtained from the Investor Relations section of Aspen's website at www.aspen.bm. Underlying premiums, accident year loss ratios excluding Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma losses and prior year adjustments and net loss ratios excluding the impact of Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma are non-GAAP financial measures. They exclude the effect of Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma and where applicable, prior year reserve releases, from the GAAP-based ratios and other measures. Aspen believes that excluding these significant catastrophic events in 2005 which were significantly above historical average provides investors and analysts an alternate means to assess the underlying underwriting performance supplementing the GAAP measures.

Application of the Safe Harbor of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

This presentation contains written, and the Company's earnings conference call will contain oral, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. federal securities laws. These statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include all statements that do not relate solely to historical or current facts, and can be identified by the use of words such as "expect," "intend," "plan," "believe," "project," "anticipate," "seek," "will," "estimate," "may," "continue," and similar expressions of a future or forward-looking nature.

All forward-looking statements address matters that involve risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in these statements. The Company believes these factors include, but are not limited to: the impact that our future operating results, capital position and rating agency and other considerations have on the execution of any capital management initiatives, the impact of any capital management initiatives on our financial condition, the impact of acts of terrorism and related legislation and acts of war; the possibility of greater frequency or severity of claims and loss activity, including as a result of natural or man-made catastrophic events such as Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma, than our underwriting, reserving or investment practices have anticipated; evolving interpretive issues with respect to coverage as a result of Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma; the level of inflation in repair costs due to limited availability of labor and materials after catastrophes; the effectiveness of the Company's loss limitation methods; changes in the availability, cost or quality of reinsurance or retrocessional coverage; the reliability of, and changes in assumptions to, catastrophe pricing, accumulation and estimated loss models; loss of key personnel; a decline in our operating subsidiaries' ratings with Standard & Poor's, A.M. Best Company or Moody's Investors Service; changes in general economic conditions including inflation, foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and other factors that could affect our investment portfolio; increased competition on the basis of pricing, capacity, coverage terms or other factors; decreased demand for the Company's insurance or reinsurance products and cyclical downturn of the industry; changes in governmental regulations or tax laws in jurisdictions where the Company conducts business; the Company or its Bermudian subsidiary becoming subject to income taxes in the United States or the United Kingdom; the effect on insurance markets, business practices and relationships of ongoing litigation, investigations and regulatory activity by the New York State Attorney General's office and other authorities concerning contingent commission arrangements with brokers and bid solicitation activities; the total industry losses resulting from Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma and the actual number of the Company's insureds incurring losses from these storms; and with respect to Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma, the Company's reliance on loss reports received from cedants and loss adjusters, the Company's reliance on industry loss estimates and those generated by modeling techniques, the impact of these storms on the Company's reinsurers, any changes in the Company's reinsurers' credit quality, the amount and timing of reinsurance recoverables and reimbursements actually received by the Company from its reinsurers and the overall level of competition and the related demand and supply dynamics as contracts come up for renewal. For a more detailed description of these uncertainties and other factors, please see the "Risk Factors" section in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on March 6, 2006. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the dates on which they are made.



Financial Highlights

(US\$ in millions)

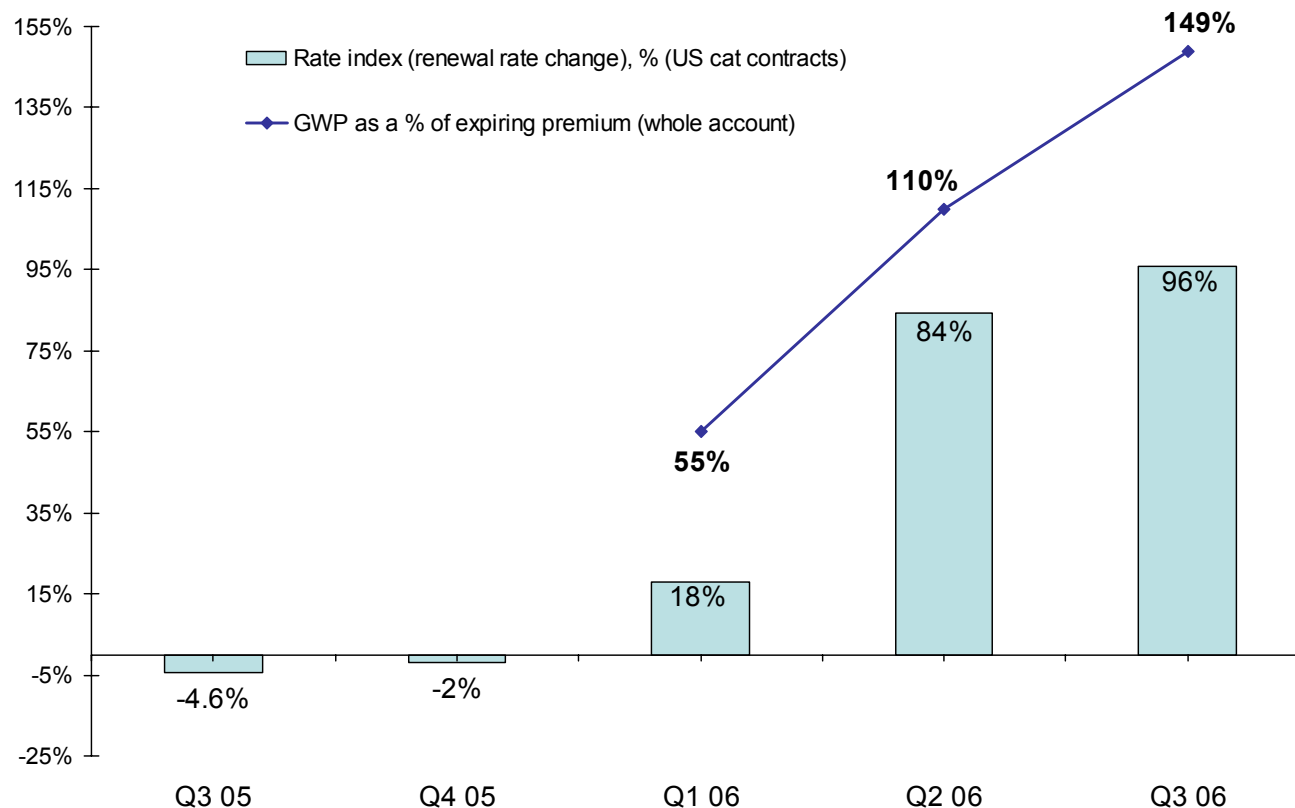
Quarter Ended September 30,	2006	2005	Change
Gross Premiums Written	\$457.5	\$494.0	(7%)
Net Premiums Written	433.5	344.5	26%
Net Premiums Earned	429.3	379.4	13%
Underwriting Income (Loss)	81.6	(406.2)	NM*
Net Investment Income	47.3	29.4	61%
Net Income after tax	95.0	(362.0)	NM*
GAAP Ratios:			
Loss Ratio	54.0%	180.0%	(126.0%) pts
Expense Ratio	27.0%	27.1%	(0.1%) pts
Combined Ratio	81.0%	207.1%	(126.1%) pts
3Q ROAE (annualized)	18.0%	(107.2%)	125.2% pts
9 months ROAE (annualized)	16.3%	(19.2%)	35% pts
Diluted 3Q Operating Earnings Per Ordinary Share	\$0.93	(\$5.15)	NM*
Diluted Book Value Per Ordinary Share	\$21.41	\$17.53	22.1%

(*) = Percentage ratio not meaningful comparison due to loss in 3Q05



Market Timing – Property Reinsurance

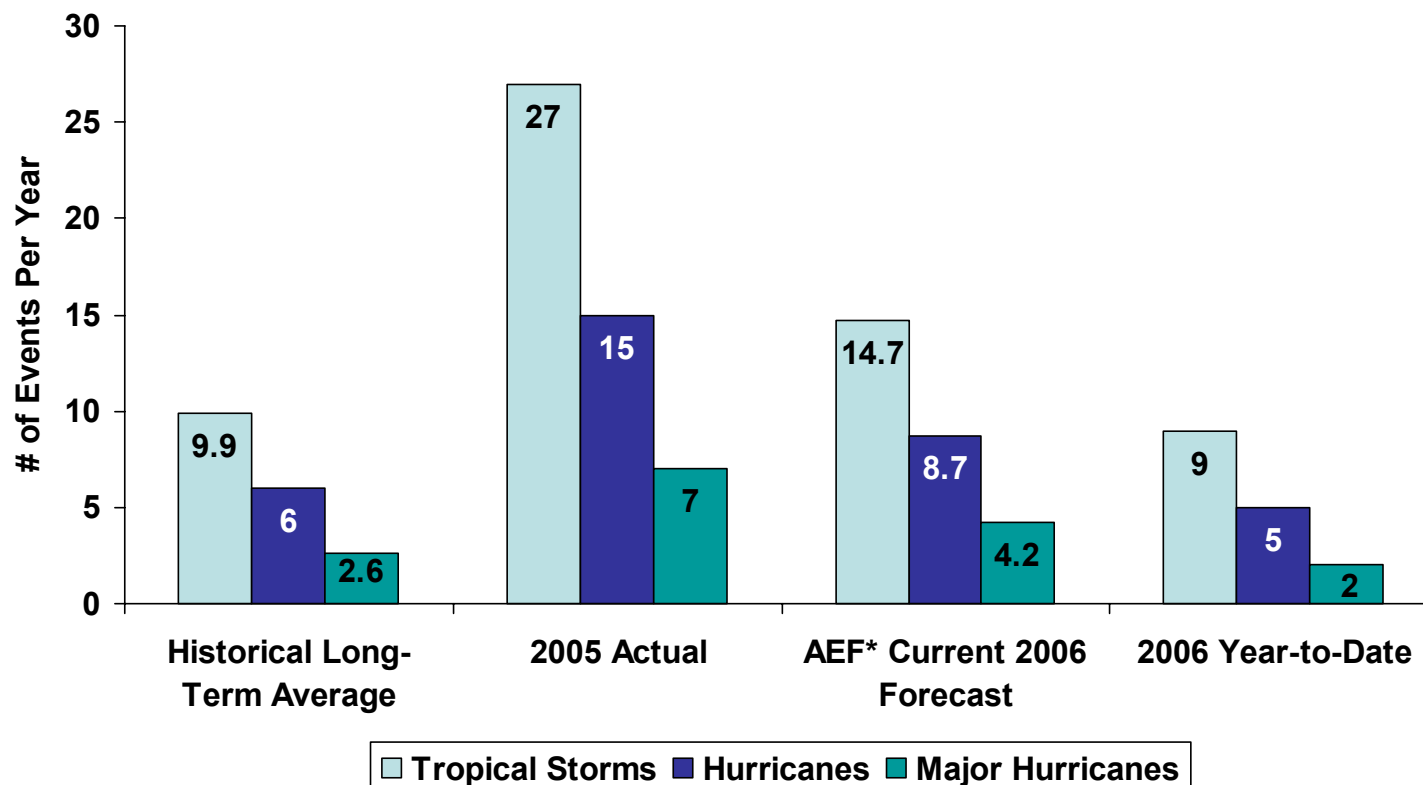
Rate index (US Catastrophe exposed contracts) vs. Renewal rate of whole account premium



Decision to Hold Back Capacity at January 1
Proved to be Correct



Hurricane Frequency – 2005/2006



Hurricane Activity in '06 Significantly Below Forecast and Marginally Below Historical Average



3Q GWP

(in \$ millions)

3Q06

	Total	Property	Casualty	Specialty	Insurance
Gross Premiums Written	\$457.5	196.4	96.6	77.7	86.8
Less: KRW* related premiums	\$7.0	1.1	0.0	5.9	0.0
Underlying premiums	\$450.5	195.3	96.6	71.8	86.8

3Q05

	Total	Property	Casualty	Specialty	Insurance
Gross Premiums Written	\$494.0	256.0	81.5	57.3	99.2
Less: KRW* related premiums	\$63.8	57.7	0.0	6.1	0.0
Underlying premiums	\$430.2	198.3	81.5	51.2	99.2

% Change in underlying premiums	4.7%	(1.5%)	18.5%	40.2%	(12.5%)
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(*) KRW = Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma

Specialty Lines GWP

<i>(in \$ millions)</i>	3Q06	3Q05	9 months ended Sept 06	9 months ended Sept 05
Marine and specialty liability insurance	22.7	8.5	106.6	107.3
Energy property insurance	17.4	15.7	83.0	45.4
Marine hull	7.6	11.3	45.8	41.2
Aviation insurance	21.3	15.6	80.7	20.4
Reinsurance assumed	8.7	6.2	83.8	87.4
Total	77.7	57.3	399.9	301.7



3Q Loss Ratio Analysis

	3Q 2006	3Q 2005
Total loss ratio	54.0%	180.0%
Less impact of KRW*	(2.5%)	(117.4%)
Net loss ratio ex. KRW	51.5%	62.6%
Prior year release ex. KRW	6.2%	2.9%
Accident year loss ratio ex. KRW	57.8%	65.5%

	Total Loss Ratio	KRW & Prior Year Adjustment	Accident Year Loss Ratio Ex KRW and Prior Year Adjustments
2006			
Property	46.0%	(11.7%)	34.3%
Casualty	63.9%	5.6%	69.5%
Specialty	42.2%	2.7%	44.9%
Insurance	68.5%	24.6%	93.1%
Total	54.0%	3.8%	57.8%
2005			
Property	411.8%	(346.8%)	65.0%
Casualty	68.5%	0.0%	68.5%
Specialty	99.2%	(33.3%)	65.9%
Insurance	88.6%	(41.5%)	47.1%
Total	180.0%	(114.5%)	65.5%

(*) KRW = Hurricanes Katrina, Rita and Wilma



Improvement in Expense Ratio

% of Gross Earned Premium	3Q06	2Q06	1Q06
Acquisition expenses	15.4%	16.4%	18.9%
General and administrative expenses	7.2%	8.5%	7.7%
Total gross expense ratio	22.6%	24.9%	26.6%
Effect of reinsurance	4.4%	4.5%	6.1%
Net expense ratio	27.0%	29.4%	32.7%



Improvement in Investment Yield

Date	Fixed income portfolio book yield	Aggregate portfolio book yield (including cash and cash equivalents)
December 31, 2004	3.53%	3.50%
March 31, 2005	3.49%	3.43%
June 30, 2005	3.68%	3.72%
September 30, 2005	3.84%	3.85%
December 31, 2005	4.08%	4.08%
March 31, 2006	4.19%	4.18%
June 30, 2006	4.40%	4.29%
September 30, 2006	4.44%	4.36%